



MPJE

In 1998 the National Association of Boards of Pharmacy® (NABP®) developed and launched the Multistate Pharmacy Jurisprudence Examination® (MPJE®). The MPJE combines federal and state-specific law items to serve as the state law examination in participating jurisdictions. The MPJE is based on a nationally uniform blueprint, with items that are tailored to assess the pharmacy jurisprudence requirements of individual states. All candidates are tested on their mastery of pharmacy law as outlined in the MPJE competency statements. Each participating state board of pharmacy approves those items that are specific to the federal and state laws of the jurisdictions in which candidates are seeking licensure.

MPJE Development Timeline

The following activities occur annually during the development of the MPJE:

- New items are written during an item-writing workshop.
- MPJE Review Committee members review and edit the new test items that were written at the item-writing workshop. Members also assign all new items to the proper competency/sub-competency on the MPJE blueprint.
- Appointed board representatives select new pretest items for the year and review their state-specific scored items.

MPJE Facts

- The MPJE Review Committee consists of pharmacy board members, practitioners, and educators charged with the task of reviewing, editing, and approving the items on the MPJE.
- The MPJE is a computer-adaptive examination that consists of 90 multiple-choice items, which include 60 scored and 30 pretest items. Examinees are allowed up to two hours to complete the examination.
- The current fee for the examination is \$185.
- Candidates must take a separate examination for each state or jurisdiction in which they are seeking licensure.
- To pass the MPJE, examinees must obtain a scaled score of 75. If unsuccessful, candidates are allowed to retake the MPJE after 30 days.
- To receive a score, examinees must have completed at least 77 items on the examination.
- 46 jurisdictions participate in the MPJE program. Currently, Arkansas, California, Guam, Mississippi, Oklahoma, Puerto Rico, South Dakota, and Virginia do not participate.